

**MINISTERUL EDUCAȚIEI  
AL REPUBLICII MOLDOVA**



Numele \_\_\_\_\_

Prenumele \_\_\_\_\_

Patronimicul \_\_\_\_\_

Instituția de învățământ

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Localitatea

\_\_\_\_\_

Raionul

\_\_\_\_\_

**MATEMATICA**

PRETESTARE

EXAMEN DE ABSOLVIRE A GIMNAZIULUI

04 aprilie 2013

Timp pentru scriere – 120 de minute

Rechizite și materiale permise: *pix de culoare albastră, creion, riglă, radieră.*

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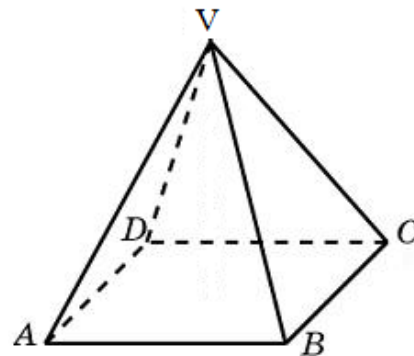
**Instrucțiuni pentru candidat:**

- Citește cu atenție fiecare item și efectuează operațiile solicitate.
  - Lucrează independent.
- 

***Îți dorim mult succes!***

Punctaj total: \_\_\_\_\_

№	Item	Score
<b><i>In items 2 - 4 fill in the designated area so that statements become true.</i></b>		
1.	Arrange numbers in the ascending order $\sqrt{35}$ ; 6; $2\sqrt{8}$ in the following squares: <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/> ; <input type="text"/> ; <input type="text"/> .           </div>	L 0 1 3
2.	Function $f : R \rightarrow R, f(x) = -2x + 4$ is given. The slope of the line representing the graph of $f$ equals <input type="text"/> .	L 0 2
3.	<p>The picture shows the pyramid VABCD.            Fill in the blanks below appropriately so that the statement becomes true:            In pyramid VABCD:</p> <p>point V is <input type="text"/> ;</p> <p>quadrangle ABCD is <input type="text"/> ;</p> <p>triangle VCB is <input type="text"/> ;</p> <p>intercept VC is <input type="text"/>.</p>	L 0 1 2 3 4
4.	<p>A passenger traveled from Chişinău to Bucureşti by train. The train departed from Chişinău at 16:45 and arrived to Bucureşti at 06:30 the next day. The passenger traveled <input type="text"/> hours <input type="text"/> minutes.</p> <p><i>Justify your answer:</i></p>	L 0 1 2 3 4



<p>5.</p>	<p>A snail starts its way from some point of the circle and crawls around the circle in one direction. The snail covers distances equal to length of the following arches having the degrees <math>35^{\circ}15'36''</math>, <math>105^{\circ}19'29''</math> and <math>39^{\circ}24'55''</math> respectively. What is the total distance crawled by the snail, if the circle radius is equal <math>2\text{ m}</math>? (Please, round your answer to integer).</p> <p><i>Solution:</i></p>	<p>L 0 1 2 3 4 5</p>
<p><i>Answer:</i> <math>\approx</math> <input type="text"/> <i>m.</i></p>		
<p>6.</p>	<p>Find <i>card</i> <math>A</math>, where <math>A=N \cap D</math>, and <math>D</math> is the set of admissible values of expression <math>\sqrt{11 - 3x}</math>.</p> <p><i>Solution:</i></p>	<p>L 0 1 2 3 4 5 6</p>
<p><i>Answer:</i> <i>card</i><math>A =</math> <input type="text"/>.</p>		

7. Polynomials  $P(X)=3X^2-2X-5$  and  $Q(X)=X+2$  are given.

a) Without performing polynomial division, find the residue of division of polynomial  $P(X)$  to polynomial  $Q(X)$ .

*Solution:*

*Answer:* \_\_\_\_\_.

b) Solve in the set  $R$  the inequality  $\frac{P(x)}{Q(x)-1} \leq 0$ , where  $P(X)$  and  $Q(X)$  are the given polynomials.

*Solution:*

*Answer:* \_\_\_\_\_.

L  
0  
1  
2  
3

L  
0  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7

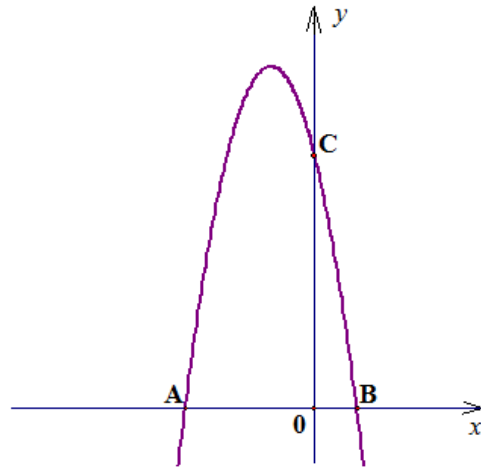
8. The picture shows the graph of the function

$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f(x) = -2x^2 - 4x + 6.$$

a) Fill in the empty frames so that the statement becomes true:

«The point C are the coordinates

C(  ;  )».



b) Find the coordinates of points A and B.

*Solution:*

*Answer:* \_\_\_\_\_.

c) Find real values of  $m$  and  $n$ , such that line AC is the graph of the function  $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, g(x) = mx + n$ .

*Solution:*

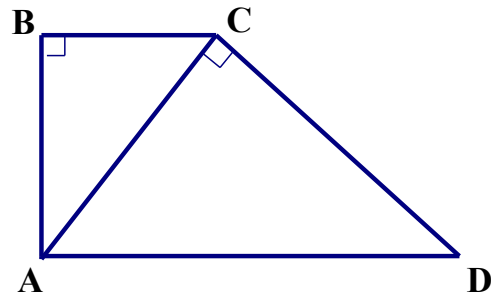
L  
0  
1  
2

L  
0  
1  
2  
3  
4

L  
0  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5

Answer:  $m = \square$ ;  $n = \square$ .

9. In the rectangular trapezoid ABCD with bases [AD] and [BC],  $m(\angle ABC) = 90^\circ$ ,  $AB = 8 \text{ cm}$ ,  $[AC] \perp [CD]$ ,  $AC = 10 \text{ cm}$ . Find the area of the trapezoid ABCD.  
*Solution:*



L  
0  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_.

### *Application*

$$l_c = 2\pi r$$

$$A_{tr.} = \frac{a+b}{2} \cdot h$$

$aX^2 + bX + c = a(X - x_1)(X - x_2)$ ,  $a \neq 0$ ,  $x_1, x_2$  - the roots of trinomial

$h_c^2 = AD \cdot DB$ , theorem of the height in rectangular triangle